

DAILY TRACKER

Taliban's extremist implementation of sharia law

1. Taliban continue ban on girls returning to secondary school in Afghanistan. Millions of girls across the country continue to be confined to their homes, deprived of education. The extremist implementation of the sharia law under the Taliban rule undermines women rights in the country.

Source: <https://twitter.com/Afgimmigrants/status/1479112082121392140>

2. Fawzia is working hard with other female Afghan judges and human rights defenders in exile, as well as notable female attorneys in the UK like Helena Kennedy, to negotiate a safe passage for those who have not yet managed to flee. She is growing increasingly concerned about the 93 female justices who remain in Afghanistan, despite the fact that hundreds have evacuated. "The situation for these ladies is constantly worse," she argues.

Source: https://www.theguardian.com/world/2022/jan/06/the-afghan-judge-working-to-free-her-sisters-left-behind?utm_source=dlvr.it&utm_medium=twitter

3. This is the Taliban's genuine face. Getting into people's houses in the middle of the night, sexually abusing their women and children, and removing the males. They do this in the name of Islam, according to them.

Source: <https://twitter.com/AfghanResistnce/status/1478446139896647687>

Promotion of radicalism in Pakistan: HR violations of minorities in Pakistan: Steps taken in the world against Pakistan's radicalism

1. Religious and radical groups wield much too much power and influence in Pakistan's government and politics, which is why the country has become a breeding ground for radicalism and terrorism. But that is about to change, and it all begins in Sindh.

Source: <https://www.thenews.com.pk/print/922064-if-govt-tries-to-disrupt-sit-in-ji-warns-of-besieging-sindh-secretariat>

2. The radicalization of Pakistan's educated youth is closely linked to the government's previous pro-militancy policies, which created a climate favourable to radicalization. It's now time to put an end to the unethical measures aimed towards kids.

Source: <https://twitter.com/AdvFarooqKochi/status/1478292478994403330>

3. Pakistan is misusing blasphemy laws to crush the voices of minorities. Another man has been accused for sending blasphemous text and has been sentenced life imprisonment.

Source: <https://twitter.com/Par1Ke/status/1479107280238878733/photo/1>

4. In the guise of religious conversion and marriage to their abductors, underage minority females are sexually exploited. Reflects Pakistan's deplorable status with religious minorities.
Source: <https://www.ucanews.com/news/pakistani-christian-party-to-appeal-verdict-in-arzoo-case/95611>
5. Extremists' persecution of Hindu women in #Pakistan continues unabated. Persecution is a persistent element of naya Pakistan. Hindus are not safe in this country. There are incidents of forced conversions of minorities in the country.
Source: <https://twitter.com/RajeshKarawal/status/1479037841183174657>
6. A Pakistani Christian leader, Zafar Bhatti, was found guilty of blasphemy and condemned to death by a Rawalpindi court. In 2012, he was falsely accused of sending blasphemous SMS and was detained. This is how minorities in our country are handled.
Source: https://twitter.com/naila_waseem6/status/1478985291893551107
7. Pahlaj Kolhi, a Hindu, was wrongfully imprisoned by the police and later slain by them in Kunri, Sindh, Pakistan. On the road surrounding his dead body, people objected. Minorities face severe human rights violations and abuse, with no one to speak up.
Source: <https://twitter.com/Puii14072486/status/1478978092890669059>
8. Deprivation camps exist in Pakistani districts with a predominance of Hindus since the government has completely ignored them as minorities. Minorities face severe human rights violations and abuse.
Source: <https://twitter.com/Sheela601/status/1478949472126205954>
9. Since the formation of Balochistan, the Baloch have been fighting many injustices. Demonstrations are the only way they can advocate for their rights. Protests in Balochistan have involved everyone from politicians to students. Following any form of coercion, violation of human rights, disenfranchisement, suppression, or exclusion, protests erupt. Even to request water and electricity in Balochistan, residents must go to the roadways. Unfortunately, the majority of protests result in baton charges or incarceration.
Source: <https://www.thefridaytimes.com/protests-become-the-unchanging-fortune-of-balochistan/>
10. According to Geo News, two males dressed in burqas were arrested in Lahore on Sunday for harassing women at the city's Greater Iqbal Park. According to the article, the two males — identified as Subhan and Usman — were apprehended by the police's anti-riot unit for harassing families who had come to the park. According to the authorities, the two males wore burqas to hide their identities.
Source: <https://www.geo.tv/latest/391189-lahore-police-arrest-two-burqa-clad-men-for-harassing-women>

Positive stories on steps taken against radical Islam

1. TS Tirumurti has been named the next Chair of the United Nations' Counter-Terrorism Committee. Tirumurti was the Secretary in the External Affairs Ministry before taking up his current position as India's Permanent Representative to the United Nations. India has been asked to chair three key UNSC committees in 2021.
Source: <https://www.jagranjosh.com/current-affairs/ts-tirumurti-assumes-chair-of-uns-counterterrorism-committee-1641461756-1>
2. On January 6, the Security Council met in Nur-Sultan, with the President of the Republic presiding. According to Akorda, the subject before the council was the ongoing war with terroristic and criminal elements on the streets attempting to destabilise the country.
Source: <https://astanatimes.com/2022/01/president-tokayev-vows-decisive-measures-against-terrorists-rampaging-through-almaty-calls-for-csto-support-at-the-security-council-meeting/>
3. French authorities announced the launch of a terrorism investigation into an explosion that occurred beneath a French vehicle competing in the Dakar race in Saudi Arabia. According to reports from the team and event organisers, the blast struck a support vehicle belonging to the French team Sodinars shortly after it left its hotel in the Saudi city of Jeddah for the race route, critically injuring one of the rally racers.
Source: <https://www.globaltimes.cn/page/202201/1245172.shtml>
4. On Tuesday evening, a man is being questioned under the Terrorism Act after allegedly entering Oldham Police Station's forecourt and attacking a police car. According to police, a man entered the car park about 10 p.m. on Tuesday night and ran at the vehicle, attacking it and threatening the cops inside.
Source: <https://www.gfatf.org/archives/man-questioned-under-terrorism-act-after-incident-outside-oldham-police-station/>
5. Iraqi President Barham Salih emphasised the importance of Iran's top anti-terror commander, Lt. General Qassem Soleimani, in the fight against the Takfiri terrorist group Daesh (ISIL or ISIS). According to Salih, General Soleimani rushed to the aid of the Iraqi people at a critical juncture in the fight against the Daesh Takfiri terrorist group.
Source: <https://www.tasnimnews.com/en/news/2022/01/05/2639266/iraqi-president-highlights-role-of-gen-soleimani-in-country-s-fight-against-terrorism>
6. Reporters Without Borders (RSF) calls on the internationally recognised authorities in Hadramout, Yemen, to immediately release Hala Fuad Badawi, a freelance journalist who has been detained for the past week on a fabricated terrorism allegation. Hala Fuad Badawi managed to post a brief message on Facebook – where she has more than 8,500 followers – shortly after armed men stopped her while she was driving her car on

December 30th, reporting that she was being interrogated at intelligence headquarters and that her bag and mobile phone had been confiscated.

Source: <https://www.gfatf.org/archives/yemeni-woman-journalist-jailed-for-involvement-in-terrorist-cell/>

7. The Security Media Cell (SMC) announced in a statement on Thursday that the Iraqi Intelligence Agency raided a key ISIS headquarters in the west of al-Anbar. According to SMC, the hideout was utilised as a safe haven for terrorists travelling between al-Dabaa and Jalbat, south of al-Rutba. According to the statement, officers discovered six explosive devices, 11 detonators, a machine pistol, and other items within the bunker. To destabilise the stolen explosives, the Explosive Ordnance Disposal crew staged a controlled explosion.

Source: <https://www.gfatf.org/archives/iraqi-intelligence-raided-an-islamic-state-headquarters-in-al-anbar/>

8. Saudi Arabian authorities have launched a conference for Yemeni academics and activists aimed at assisting efforts to prevent terrorism in the war-torn country. Minister of Islamic Affairs Sheikh Abdullatif Al-Asheikh confirmed his country's support for the Yemeni people, under the leadership of King Salman and Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman, during the beginning of the "Yemen and the Kingdom in Confronting Iranian Houthi Terrorism and Extremism" conference in Riyadh.

Source: <https://www.gfatf.org/archives/saudi-arabian-authorities-launched-forum-for-confronting-houthi-terrorism-in-yemen/>

9. Taoufik Charfeddine, Tunisia's Interior Minister, announced that Ennahda Vice President Nouredine Bhiri had been placed under house arrest on suspicion of terrorism, sparking widespread political, legal, and judicial debate. "There were fears of terrorist acts aimed at the security of the country, and we had to act," he said on Monday. Bhiri, according to Charfeddine, is a "serious suspect" who has been the subject of forensic investigation for issuing false identities and fake passports.

Source: <https://english.aawsat.com/home/article/3396881/tunias-ennahda-official-under-house-arrest-suspicion-terrorism>